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meys For Plaintiff

SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

FOR THE COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES

JRICE SILBERSTEIN, Individually, Behalf Of All Others Similarly Situated, and Behalf Of The General Public,

Plaintiffs,

NEER NORTH AMERICA, INC., a ware corporation; PIONEER CTRONICS (USA) INC., a Delaware oration; and DOES 1 through 100 inclusive,

Defendants.

Case No. BC320169

CLASS ACTION

レプアの配の名を使り ORDER GRANTING FINAL APPROVAL OF CLASS ACTION SETTLEMENT AND DISMISSING ACTION IN ITS ENTIRETY WITH PREJUDICE

ORIGINAL FILED

AUG 2 2 2005

LOS ANGELES

Date: August 17, 2005

Time: 8:30 a.m.

Dept: 39

The plaintiff Class and individual Plaintiff Maurice Silberstein ("Plaintiffs") and endants Pioneer Electronics (USA) Inc. and Pioneer North America, Inc. (collectively, oneer") entered into an agreement to settle by stipulated dismissal and judgment the class on referenced above (the "Amended Settlement Agreement"). The Amended Settlement eement provides that Plaintiff Silberstein and each Class Member will receive benefits as ws:

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Class Members who purchased a Pioncer DVR-810H-S and who have not opted out of the class and timely submit valid claims are entitled to settlement vouchers redeemable for a cash rebate from Pioneer on such Class Members' purchases of Pioneer home electronics products after June 1, 2005, as follows:

- Purchases of Pioneer home electronics products with a minimum \$200 (a) purchase price (excluding tax and delivery): \$25 cash rebate;
- Purchases of Pioneer home electronics products with a minimum \$400 (b) purchase price (excluding tax and delivery): \$50 cash rebate;
- Purchases of Pioneer home electronics products with a minimum \$800 (c) purchase price (excluding tax and delivery): \$100 cash rebate; and
- Purchases of Pioneer home electronics products with a minimum \$2,500 (d) purchase price (excluding tax and delivery): \$250 cash rebate.

Class Members who purchased a Pioneer Elite DVR-57H and who have not opted out of the class and timely submit valid claims are entitled to settlement vouchers redeemable for a cash rebate from Pioneer on such Class Members' purchases of Pioneer home electronics products after June 1, 2005, as follows:

- Purchases of Pioneer home electronics products with a minimum \$200 (a) purchase price (excluding tax and delivery): \$50 cash rebate;
- Purchases of Pioneer home electronics products with a minimum \$400 (b) purchase price (excluding tax and delivery): \$75 cash rebate;
- Purchases of Pioneer home electronics products with a minimum \$800 (c) purchase price (excluding tax and delivery): \$150 cash rebate; and
- Purchases of Pioneer home electronics products with a minimum \$2,500 (d) purchase price (excluding tax and delivery): \$350 cash rebate.

Pioneer agreed to pay the costs of notice to the Class as well as the administrative costs of the claim and redemption process, and the Amended Settlement Agreement also provides that

Pioneer will pay Class Counsel's Attorneys' Fees, as may be awarded by the Court, up to \$425,000.00.

On June 1, 2005, the parties' motion for Preliminary Approval of Class Settlement came on for hearing. After reviewing the Settlement Agreement and related documents, and considering the oral argument of counsel at the hearing, the Court granted preliminary approval of the Settlement Agreement, conditionally approved the proposed nationwide settlement class and approved the proposed form of notice and the notice plan. A formal order to that effect was filed on June 6, 2005. The Amended Settlement Agreement differs substantively from the original Settlement Agreement preliminarily approved by the Court only in adding an additional carve-out to the release given on behalf of the class and therefore has no potential adverse effect on any Class Member. On June 1, 2005, the Court also set a Final Fairness and Approval Hearing for August 5, 2005. The Court further ordered that any Class Member wishing to object to the approval of the Settlement Agreement inform the Court and the parties in writing of his or her intent to do so, and to file such objection in writing before the date of the Final Fairness and Approval Hearing.

In compliance with the Court's Order, a Class Notice of Settlement and a Claim Form were sent to the most recent known address of each known member of the class by first class mail and/or electronic mail. In addition, members of the class were directed to Pioneer's website by a message sent via the TiVo network to current subscribers who had a Pioneer DVR-810H-S or a Pioneer Elite DVR-57H connected to the TiVo service. Pioneer's website contained a link from which a copy of the Notice and Claim Form could be downloaded and printed. The notice process was timely completed.

On August 5 and 17, 2005, the Court held the Final Fairness and Approval Hearing. There were two (2) objections submitted to counsel for the parties and forwarded to the Court by Class Counsel. One objection was solely to the requirement that a Class Member must submit an original sales receipt in order to have a valid claim. After consideration of the objection and the argument of counsel, the Court decided that the settlement should require Pioneer to accept a copy

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of a sales receipt or store invoice showing the retailer, the product sold and the date and amount of the sale in lieu of the original sales receipt as sufficient proof of purchase if no other claim with respect to the same purchase is submitted. The second objection was submitted by an individual who also elected to exclude himself from the settlement and expressly stated his desire to retain his legal rights. Having done so, the Court finds that the objector lacks standing to object to the settlement and by electing not to participate in the settlement waived any purported objection.

The Court granted the parties' Motion for Final Approval of the Class Action Settlement and Class Counsel's Application for Attorneys' Fees. The Court further specifically found that the Amended Settlement Agreement was the product of serious, informed, non-collusive negotiations conducted at arms' length by the parties. In granting final approval of the Amended Settlement Agreement, the Court considered the estimated approximation of the Class Members' total recovery, Pioneer's proportionate potential liability, the amounts and kinds of benefits available to the class in settlement, and the fact that a settling party should pay less in settlement than as a result of a finding of liability at trial. Additionally, the Court found that the terms of the Amended Settlement Agreement have no obvious deficiencies and do not improperly grant preferential treatment to any individual Class Member. Accordingly, the Court finds that the Amended Settlement Agreement is in good faith, pursuant to section 877.6 of the California Code of Civil Procedure.

Finally, the Court held that, pursuant to the provisions of section 382 of the California Code of Civil Procedure and Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 23, as approved for use by the California Supreme Court in Vasquez v. Superior Court (1971) 4 Cal. 3d 800, 821, the terms of the Amended Settlement Agreement are fair, reasonable and adequate.

Based on the foregoing, and having duly considered all of the submissions and arguments presented with respect to the negotiation, terms and conditions of the Amended Settlement Agreement, IT IS HEREBY ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED:

The Court hereby certifies a nationwide settlement class consisting of all 1. persons in the United States who, prior to March 31, 2005, purchased or acquired either (a) a

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Pioneer digital video recorder model no. DVR-810H-S (with TiVo) or (b) a Pioneer Elite digital video recorder model no. DVR-57H (with TiVo) (collectively "CHALLENGED DVR MODELS") who have not opted out of the class in accordance with Paragraph 7 of the Court's Order Granting Conditional Certification Of Nationwide Settlement Class, Preliminary Approval Of Proposed Settlement And Approval Of Class Notice entered on June 6, 2005.

- The notification provided for and given to Class Members constitutes the best notice practicable under the circumstances and is in full compliance with the laws of the State of California, the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, to the extent applicable, the United States Constitution and due process. The notification given to Class Members fully and accurately informed Class Members of all material elements of the proposed Amended Settlement Agreement and of each Class Member's right and opportunity to object thereto or to comment thereon. A full opportunity was afforded each Class Member to object and to participate in the Final Approval and Fairness Hearing, and each Class Member or other person wishing to be heard was heard.
- The Court finds the Amended Settlement Agreement to be fair, reasonable, 3. adequate and in the best interests of the Class Members. Accordingly, the Court hereby grants final approval to the Amended Settlement Agreement, and hereby directs that the terms and conditions of the Amended Settlement Agreement be effected promptly.
- The Claim Form attached to the Amended Settlement Agreement is approved 4. as the Claim Form to be used in administering the Amended Settlement Agreement.
- With the final approval of the Amended Settlement Agreement, it is hereby ordered that any and all claims, actions or causes of action that were alleged against Pioneer or arose from or related to any of the facts, transactions, events, occurrences, acts, disclosures, statements, omissions or failures to act alleged, or that could have been alleged, in this action are hereby dismissed in their entirety with prejudice as against all Class Members who did not effectively and irrevocably opt out of the class; provided, however, that nothing in this order releases any claim relating to the incompatibility of any Pioneer DVD player with the DVD Forum's DVD Video Specifications, their ability to properly play pre-recorded read-only DVD

Video discs authored in accordance with these Specifications, or any representation or omission of
fact relating thereto, which have been heretofore asserted in Olmstead v. Pioneer Electronics
(USA) Inc. (Los Angeles Superior Court Case No. BC 257222), Messick v. Pioneer Electronics
(USA) Inc. (Los Angeles Superior Court Case No. BC 323499), Eusini v. Pioneer Electronics
(USA) Inc. (New York Supreme Court, Nassau County Index No. 4526/04), Freed v. Pioneer
Electronics (USA) Inc. (New Jersey Superior Court, Middlesex County Dkt. No. MID-L-2714-04),
Sidella v. Pioneer Electronics (USA) Inc. (Florida Circuit Court for the Eleventh Circuit, Miami-
Dade County Case No. 04-12071 CA 03) or Spencer v. Pioneer Electronics (USA) Inc. (Texas
District Court of Travis County, 200th Judicial Circuit Case No. GN 403865), or any claim based
on the same allegations that may be hereafter asserted elsewhere; and provided further, however,
that Class Members will retain whatever right, if any, they may have in accordance with, but
subject to all time and other limitations in, Pioneer's written limited warranty to submit a
CHALLENGED DVR MODEL for repair or replacement, at Pioneer's option, if it fails to
function under normal use due to a manufacturing defect.

6. Counsel representing the Plaintiff has requested the amount of \$425,000.00 as part of the settlement agreement.

The Court has reviewed the itemized bills presented by counsel and the accompanying Declarations and determined the following: (1) the California Appellate Court has ruled that the lodestar (or touchstone) is produced by multiplying the number of hours reasonably expended by counsel by a reasonable hourly rate. Part of this request includes fees for associate counsel, Mr. Herzog who attendeed some meetings and reviewed pleadings in this matter. For the purpose of this Court's analysis, the information submitted did not support the reasonableness of his rate or hours expended. The Court has, therefore reduced his portion of the requested fees of \$7,200. (See Thayer v. Wells Fargo Bank (2001) 92 Cal. App. 4th 819, 833). (2) With regard to Daniels, Fine, Israel & Schonbuch, LLP fee request, they submitted detailed time records for the Court of review. In reviewing the time records, the Court has determined to reduce, slightly the lodestar amount of fees due a few questionable entries. The lodestar figure has been reduced by

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the amount of \$9,290.00 to a sum of \$124,735.00 for the unehanced lodestar amount (plus Mr. Herzog's fees of \$7,200 for a total of \$131,935.).

Counsel have further suggested that the Court should enhance the lodestar amount by a factor of 2.86 in order to achieve the negotiated attorney's fees figure. Given the reduction by the Court in the lodestar amount, in order to obtain the requested fees the Court would have to apply a factor of 3.22. The Court believes under this approach and in keeping with the analysis under the Ramos case, the factor of 3.22 is too high. The factor should be diminished somewhat because the Court finds that under the circumstances of this case (1) the novelty and difficulty of the questions involved and the skill displayed in presented them was minimal; (2) the extend to which the nature of the litigation precluded other employment by the attorney does not appear to be a substantial factor; (3) the contingent nature of the fee award, based on the uncertainty of prevailing on the merits and of establishing eligibility for the award is applicable but of little effect. Ramos v. Countrywide Home Loans, Inc. (2000) 82 Cal. App. 4th 615.

Counsel has also suggested an analysis under the percentage of recovery method for the Court's analysis. Because of the uncertantity of the extent of the class actually redeeming the coupons and at what percentage, the Court has chosen to adopt the reasonably applied lodestar method in its calculation of attorney's fees.

The Court is adopting the factor of 2.86 that counsel suggested to apply to the lodestar figure and thereby awards attorney's fees to class counsel in the sum of \$377,334.10.

7. Without affecting the finality of this order, this Court shall retain exclusive and continuing jurisdiction over this action and the parties, including all Class Members, for purposes of resolving any dispute arising under or relating to the Amended Settlement Agreement, any claim asserted thereunder and any claim to which the Amended Settlement Agreement

provides a defense and for purposes of supervising, administering, implementing, enforcing and interpreting the Amended Settlement Agreement and the claims process established therein.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

DATE: August 22 2005

VICTOR H. PERSON, JUDGE

VICTOR PERSON
JUDGE OF THE SUPERIOR COURT